News

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HIGHLIGHTS OF SAN DIEGO, CA NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY DECEMBER 2000

Workers in the San Diego, California, metropolitan area averaged \$17.92 per hour during December 2000, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley P. Stephenson reported that white-collar workers averaged \$22.69 per hour and accounted for 55 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar employees averaged \$14.25 per hour and represented 21 percent of the workforce, while the remaining 24 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$9.88 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 205 firms representing 482,600 workers in the San Diego metropolitan area, which includes San Diego County. Seventy-three percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the San Diego metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 70 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white-collar workers, industrial engineers averaged \$28.16 per hour; computer programmers, \$23.98; licensed practical nurses, \$15.52; and general office clerks, \$11.38. Blue-collar occupations included production supervisors earning \$21.38, truck drivers at \$15.36 per hour, and assemblers at \$8.71. In the service occupations, firefighters averaged \$18.30 per hour; cooks, \$9.06; and janitors and cleaners, \$7.94.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See table 2.) For example, full-time employees in the San Diego metropolitan area averaged \$19.07 per hour and part-time workers earned \$10.87. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$15.87 per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made \$13.20. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$14.83 per hour and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$20.13.

The NCS is a part of a statistical program that will eventually integrate three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgement, supervision received, and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the <u>San Diego</u>, <u>CA National Compensation Survey December 2000</u> (Bulletin number 3110-04). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the San Francisco Information Office by calling 415-975-4350. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm. Select survey tables can also be obtained from Ready Facts, the Bureau's fax-on-demand service, in San Francisco by dialing 415-975-4567 and requesting document 9560.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the San Francisco Information Office at 415-975-4350 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. pacific time.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000

National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, L	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$17.92	2.9	\$16.04	3.7	\$23.82	4.1
All excluding sales	18.25	3.1	16.26	4.0	23.82	4.1
White collar	22.69	3.1	21.25	4.1	25.70	5.1
White collar excluding sales	24.20	3.2	23.27	4.2	25.70	5.1
Professional specialty and technical	29.37	2.5	26.60	3.2	32.66	3.8
Professional specialty	32.10	2.4	29.48	3.9	34.60	2.8
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.34	4.1	33.07	4.3	-	-
Industrial engineers	28.16	3.0	28.16	3.0	-	-
Engineers, n.e.c	33.14	10.2	35.70	10.9	-	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.20	5.6	31.02	7.6	-	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists.	30.20	5.6	31.02	7.6	-	-
Natural scientists	30.09	9.9	31.43	10.3	-	-
Health related	29.37	7.4	30.48	8.9	-	-
Registered nurses	26.90	2.0	27.09	2.2	-	-
Teachers, college and university	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teachers, except college and university	37.20	2.8	18.13	19.2	38.22	1.8
Elementary school teachers	38.68	2.1	-	-	38.80	2.2
Secondary school teachers	35.50	1.7	-	-	-	-
Librarians, archivists, and curators	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social scientists and urban planners	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lawyers and judges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c	23.47	9.7	23.15	10.6	-	-
Professional, n.e.c	34.41	6.7	-		-	-
Technical	19.12	5.5	19.50	6.4	17.98	9.6
Licensed practical nurses	15.52	4.6	15.53	5.1	-	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	17.37	13.4	18.43	17.9	15.35	15.0
Electrical and electronic technicians	17.47	11.9	17.47	11.9	-	-
Computer programmers	23.98	4.9	23.59	6.2	-	-
Technical and related, n.e.c	19.78	4.7	19.97	6.7	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	33.13	7.5	34.16	9.0	29.95	12.7
Executives, administrators, and managers	39.69	10.0	40.52	12.1	37.04	16.2
Financial managers	35.20	8.7	32.00	14.3	-	-
Managers, marketing, advertising, and						
public relations	32.36	18.0	32.36	18.0	-	-
Administrators, education and related fields	53.60	34.1	-	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	46.59	14.5	48.61	15.3	-	-
Management related	24.38	3.1	25.52	3.2	21.06	4.0
Accountants and auditors	22.56	4.6	22.60	5.1	-	-
Management analysts	27.49	18.7	-	-	-	-
Management related, n.e.c	28.61	6.4	29.16	6.5	-	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, D	ecember 20	000 (Continue	ed)	-			
	T	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
1	10	lai	Filvale	iridustry	goven	iment	
Occupation(3)		Relative		Relative		Relative	
Occupation(3)	Mean	error	Mean	error	Mean	error	
	ivieari		ivieari		ivieari		
		(percent)		(percent)		(percent)	
White coller (Continued)							
White collar (Continued)	\$14.33	0.0	\$14.33	9.0			
Sales Supervisors. sales		8.2		8.2	-	-	
	18.56	5.7	18.56	5.7	-	-	
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	26.89	10.7	26.89	10.7	-	-	
Sales workers, other commodities	10.34	5.6	10.34	5.6	-	-	
Cashiers	10.45	6.8	10.45	6.8	-	-	
Administrative cumpart including elerical	13.39	2.3	12.52	2.7	¢10.15	4.1	
Administrative support, including clerical			13.53	2.7	\$13.15	4.1	
Supervisors, general office	17.21	8.0	17.21	8.0	-		
Secretaries	14.42	4.0	14.42	5.5	14.43	5.3	
Receptionists	11.13	6.8	11.13	6.8	-	-	
Order clerks	11.28	7.3	11.28	7.3	-	-	
Records clerks, n.e.c	14.81	7.2	16.45	6.2	-	-	
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing							
_ clerks	13.58	3.1	13.66	3.3	-	-	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	11.36	11.0	11.36	11.0	-	-	
Stock and inventory clerks	11.26	6.5	-	-	-	-	
Investigators and adjusters, except							
insurance	14.56	8.6	14.56	8.6	-	-	
General office clerks	11.38	3.8	11.56	7.3	11.28	4.1	
Teachers' aides	13.27	3.7	-	-	13.41	3.6	
Administrative support, n.e.c	15.02	8.6	13.42	11.2	16.11	10.2	
Blue collar	14.25	3.5	13.75	3.7	18.32	6.4	
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.56	4.6	17.05	5.0	21.02	5.3	
Automobile mechanics	18.12	14.7	18.12	14.7	-	-	
Bus, truck, and stationary engine							
mechanics	19.57	10.7	19.61	11.2	_	_	
Industrial machinery repairers	18.67	7.7	18.40	8.0	_	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	15.54	8.4	15.12	8.5	_	-	
Construction trades, n.e.c	15.32	3.4	-	-	_	_	
Supervisors. production	21.38	8.2	21.38	8.2	_	_	
Machinists	15.15	15.2	15.15	15.2	_	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment	10.10	10.2	10.10	10.2			
assemblers	10.03	8.8	10.03	8.8	_	_	
Inspectors, testers, and graders	17.62	3.9	17.34	4.2	_	_	
inspectors, testers, and graders	17.02	3.9	17.54	4.2	=	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspector Laundering and dry cleaning machine	10.79	5.3	10.79	5.3	-	-	
operators	7.38	4.2	7.38	4.2	_	_	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	9.13	5.8	9.13	5.8	_	_	
Welders and cutters	14.93	4.8	14.93	4.8	_	_	
Assemblers	8.71	7.2	8.71	7.2	-	-	
Transportation and material moving	14.07	7.2	13.54	8.8	16.65	2.7	
Truck drivers	15.36	7.9	15.02	9.0	-		
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See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,(1) all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, L	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar (Continued)						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and						
laborers	\$11.59	6.8	\$11.03	7.7	\$14.92	3.9
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except	ψ11.59	0.0	ψ11.05	7.7	ψ14.32	3.9
farm	12.08	12.2	_	_	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.95	10.4	8.95	10.4	-	-
Comice	9.88	4.0	8.00	0.0	18.72	5.7
Service Protective service	9.00 14.54	4.6 15.6	8.23	2.6 4.7	22.76	5.7 4.8
Firefighting	18.30	6.0	0.23	4.7	18.30	4.6 6.0
Police and detectives, public service	23.40	6.0 6.5	-	-	23.40	6.0 6.5
Guards and police, except public service	8.10	5.7	8.10	5.7	23.40	0.5
Food service	7.33	2.5	7.18	2.4	-	-
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.51	3.7	6.51	3.7	-	-
·	7.86	_	7.86	_	-	-
BartendersWaiters and waitresses	6.18	15.3 2.0	6.18	15.3 2.0	-	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.55	2.0 5.1	6.55	2.0 5.1	-	-
Other food service	7.88	3.8	7.66	3.6	-	-
					-	-
Cooks	9.06	7.5	9.06	7.5	-	-
Food counter, fountain, and related	6.76	3.1	6.76	3.1	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.92	3.5	7.72	2.3	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	7.17	4.7	6.91	3.7	-	-
Health service	10.25	4.7	10.10	5.4	-	-
Health aides, except nursing	11.71	6.4	-	-	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.60	3.3	9.31	3.0	-	-
Cleaning and building service	8.28	6.5	7.61	5.5	12.57	4.3
Maids and housemen	8.84	8.5	8.84	8.5		
Janitors and cleaners	7.94	6.2	7.07	2.5	12.57	4.3
Personal service	8.05	5.7	7.86	5.9	10.03	12.2
Attendants, amusement, and recreation						
facilities	7.65	7.5	7.59	9.1	-	-
Ushers	7.21	4.6	7.21	4.6	-	-
Baggage porters and bellhops	6.31	1.3	6.31	1.3	-	-
Child care workers, n.e.c	8.72	10.8	-	-	-	-
Service, n.e.c	9.47	18.3	9.07	20.7	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate aconfidence interval around a sample estimate.

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) National Compensation

Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000

Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000	Private industry and State and local government					
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time				
	workers ³	workers ³	Union⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time⁵	Incentive ⁵
All populations	¢40.07	¢40.07	#40.00	C4C 04	647.00	¢47.04
All occupations	\$19.07	\$10.87	\$19.98	\$16.84	\$17.93	\$17.64
All excluding sales	19.33	11.17	20.22	17.13	18.30	14.26
White collar	23.49	15.35	23.09	22.46	22.85	19.13
White-collar excluding sales	24.66	18.65	23.73	24.51	24.21	-
Professional specialty and technical	29.73	25.45	31.91	27.24	29.37	_
Professional specialty	32.52	27.75	34.03	30.24	32.10	_
Technical	19.47	14.24	20.02	18.68	19.12	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	33.42	14.24	22.49	35.23	33.07	_
Sales	15.86	8.85	13.18	14.52	12.45	19.19
Administrative support, including clerical	13.63	11.15	13.16	13.19	13.42	-
Blue collar	14.56	10.57	15.87	13.20	14.22	15.02
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.55	-	18.64	16.70	17.41	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.97	-	12.11	10.36	10.85	-
Transportation and material moving	14.34	11.26	14.40	13.78	14.35	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	·					
laborers	11.95	10.37	13.31	10.43	11.59	-
Service	10.99	7.32	15.58	7.90	9.89	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) private

industry, National Compensation Survey, San Diego, CA, December 2000

industry, National Compensation Survey, San Die	JO, OA, DEC		and part-time workers				
			ma part inno workers				
			100 workers or more				
	All						
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500		
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers		
	workers				or more		
			Mean				
	.		.				
All occupations	\$16.04	\$14.83	\$16.38	\$14.33	\$20.13		
All excluding sales	16.26	14.48	16.76	14.38	20.69		
White collar	21.25	20.54	21.42	18.92	25.18		
White-collar excluding sales	23.27	21.07	23.82	21.21	26.82		
Write-collar excluding sales	25.21	21.07	23.02	21.21	20.02		
Professional specialty and technical	26.60	27.46	26.43	25.52	27.00		
Professional specialty	29.48	31.58	29.05	29.33	28.91		
Technical	19.50	15.52	20.18	19.49	20.88		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	34.16	29.14	35.37	30.54	42.69		
Sales	14.33	18.40	13.50	14.00	11.19		
Administrative support, including clerical	13.53	12.90	13.73	13.13	14.91		
Blue collar	13.75	14.49	13.60	12.48	15.45		
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.05	20.14	16.52	15.55	17.92		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		9.88	10.98	9.80	13.85		
Transportation and material moving	13.54	-	12.45	10.83	16.16		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and							
laborers	11.03	8.83	11.43	10.82	12.17		
Comice	0.00	7.00	0.00	7.04	0.70		
Service	8.00	7.80	8.08	7.91	8.72		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.